

ARISTONDUBEK's
EXQUISITE
FILTER
CIGARETTETHURSDAY,
JULY 30, 1958

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 150 PRUTA
VOL. XXXV No. 3485**JERUSALEM'S**

OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN

**ROSENBLUM**

1 PRINCESS MARY AVE.

WE RENOVATE. YOU SAVE. BUY NOW!

Grivas Denounces Cyprus Agreement

ATHENS (Reuter). — General George Grivas, former leader of EOKA, said last night that he dissociated himself from the Zurich and London agreements settling the Cyprus dispute.

"These agreements, he said in a statement, were signed without his being consulted. I was informed of their contents after their signature, and at first piecemeal and even incorrectly, as regards certain points likely to evoke my opposition."

Gen. Grivas warned "categorically" that he would fight "with all my strength" to frustrate the "nationally harmful attempts to enslave the Cypriot people."

He added: "I particularly dissociate myself responsibilities as regards the interpretation and implementation of the agreements on account of the attempted unforgivable concession to Anglo-Turkish demands."

His "collaborators" The EOKA leader also warned the Greek Cypriot population of "the dangers with which it is threatened, by the collaborators of the Anglo-Turks, of being entangled and becoming an accessory to the ratification of these agreements."

The Zurich agreement, signed by Britain, Turkey and Greece last February 11, was the basis for the London agreement of February 19, which provided for Cyprus independence guaranteed by the three signatory countries.

But there has been criticism of the agreements in the island recently, and a rift has been reported between Gen. Grivas and Archbishop Makarios.

Not Consulted

The alleged discord followed a reported claim by Gen. Grivas that he was not being consulted on negotiations in connection with the implementation of the agreements on Cyprus.

Last week Gen. Grivas suggested in Athens that Cyprus should not join the British Commonwealth. He said he was also concerned about British bases on the island, and other questions. Britain retaining sovereignty over the bases in the London agreement.

Three days ago, Archbishop Makarios said in Nicosia that he was fully aware of his responsibilities in signing the Zurich and London agreements and told critics in Athens to "leave us alone and let us build our new republic."

Arab M.K. Demands Allon's Apology

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Mr. Saleh Suliman Salim, M.K., of the Mapai-affiliated Work and Progress Party, in a letter to the Knesset Speaker yesterday, demanded an immediate offer of apology from Mr. Yigal Allon, M.K. (Abduh Ha'Avoda), for his "insulting and extremely crude expressions which cannot be repeated in writing."

Mr. Salim complained of Mr. Allon's "shocking behaviour in public, not befitting a Knesset member or any civilized person."

Mr. Salim had been standing outside the entrance to the Knesset restaurant talking to officials of the Military Government after the Knesset debate on the subject (see p. 3), when Mr. Allon passed by and uttered an insulting epithet in Arabic, calling Mr. Salim a "Jew."

A copy of the letter to the Speaker, Mr. H. Nir, was sent to the President, Mr. Ben-Zvi, the President of the Supreme Court, and to the Chairman of the Knesset Committee.

Shaltiel Presents Letters of Credence

President Adolfo Lopez Mateos of Mexico on Wednesday received the letters of credence of Aluf David Shaltiel, Israel Ambassador, following the recent elevation of the two countries' diplomatic missions from the rank of Legation to Embassy.

The Foreign Ministry yesterday announced the appointment of Mr. Yehezkel Saha, the present Minister to Austria, as Ambassador following the presentation of the two governments' to raise their respective Legations to the rank of Embassies.

YUGOSLAVIA MEMBER OF O.E.E.C. UNIT

PARIS (Reuter). — Yugoslavia on Wednesday became a full member of the Organization for European Economic Cooperation Ministerial Committee for agriculture and food, bringing her a step nearer to full O.E.E.C. membership.

FOR THE PRICE OF
A FLAT IN TEL-AVIV
YOU CAN BUY A
HOUSE
ON A 150 DUNAM PLOT IN

SAVYON

Knesset Agrees with B-G: 'Who is a Jew?' Dead Issue

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, Post Knesset Reporter

The question of "who is a Jew" is a dead issue, and while the problem of the registration of the children of mixed marriages is still not solved, it is not a pressing matter, the Prime Minister today, adding that all the directives regarding the registration of such children had been cancelled.

The Government itself had never raised the question of "who is a Jew"; it was the "opponents" who did so, said Mr. Ben-Gurion.

He was replying to a motion by Rabbi Shlomo Lorincz (Agudat Yisrael), presenting a bill which would amend the Interpretations Ordinance to define the word "Jew" when it appears in any law as meaning "a person who is a Jew."

Mr. Ben-Gurion said there was no need for the proposed law, since all the directives issued by the State with regard to the registration of the children of mixed marriages had been cancelled. He had told the Knesset of the cancellation of the directive on December 3, 1958, the Prime Minister noted.

No Entries

Until a decision is taken in the matter, no entry at all is to be made with regard to the nationality or religion of the children of mixed marriages. Mr. Ben-Gurion said, that only a small number of cases are involved and that the matter is not a pressing one, the Prime Minister added.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had expressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew. He had also written to the Law Committee, which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

pressed his personal view — which he believed to be that of his colleagues as well — that if a Gentile mother and a Jewish father wished their child to be a Jew, then the child, a girl, should

be registered as a Jew.

He said that a few months ago he had replied in "Der Tag" the New York Yiddish daily, to an "open letter" to him by Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum, the Misrachi leader.

In his reply, he had ex-

Social & Personal

The King's Speaker, Mr. Nahum Noy, on Wednesday received a delegation from the Cinema Owners Association, which is now holding its annual meeting in Jerusalem.

The U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Osgood Reit, and the Director of U.S.O.M., Mr. John Haggerty, on Wednesday attended a settlement meeting in the Hula basin area, accompanied by Dr. Ya'akov Weitz, Director of the Jewish Agency's Settlement Department.

The "Land of the Bible" workshop group, headed by Prof. David Rudavsky, of New York University, yesterday visited the Weizmann Institute of Science where he was received by the Institute's President, Mr. Abba Eban.

A reception was held on Wednesday at the Histadrut Executive Building, in Tel Aviv, in honour of a group of 27 French teachers who are here as the guests of the Teachers' Association.

Rabbi Ben Zion Bokser, producer of the External Light programme on the American radio, was received at Yad Va'Shem yesterday by the Director, Dr. A.I. Kubovy.

The Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, Mr. Teddy Kollek, on Wednesday received at his office in Jaffa, Mrs. Miriam Tepperman, member of the New Jersey Israeli Board Committee, Mrs. Tepperman, and their two children.

Mr. Shaul Doron, head of the Master Plan Division of Tzahal, will speak on "Water Planning" at the weekly meeting of the Tel Aviv Jaffa Rotary Club at the Z.O.A. House, Tel Aviv, at 11.30 p.m. today.

S. African Zionists**Fete Former Leader**

TEL AVIV. — The Israel office of the South African Zionist Federation gave a dinner this week in honour of Mrs. Katie Gluckmann on the occasion of her 70th birthday. Before settling in Israel 10 years ago, Mrs. Gluckmann had served on the executive of the Federation for over 30 years. She has been Chairman of the Jewish National Fund and President of the Women's Zionist Council.

Present at the dinner were a number of colleagues from South Africa and her 13 children and grand-children residing in this country. The Federation has inscribed her name in the Golden Book of the Jewish National Fund and a suitable presentation was made on behalf of the Israel office.

Delhi Queries Peking On Indians in Tibet

NEW DELHI (Reuter). — The Indian Government has asked China for information on the whereabouts and safety of an undetermined number of Indian nationals in Tibet. It was officially stated here on Tuesday.

China has also been asked to give facilities to any Indians who wish to return to India.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

THURSDAY

ARRIVALS: Air France 139, from Tehran, 1430; El Al 206, from N.Y., London and Brussels; 1500; El Al 418, from Munich and Rome, 2000; T.W.A. 840, from N.Y., Rome and Athens, 2015; Alitalia 452, from Rome and Athens, 2215; Olympic Airways 600, from Frankfurt, Zurich and Athens, 2215; Aegean 12, from Istanbul, Ankara and Nicotia, 2350; El Al 426, from Paris and Zurich, 2400; El Al 412, from Vienna and Athens, 0015 (P.R.).

DEPARTURES: El Al 207, to Sweden and Vienna, 0700; Swiss Air 331, to Athens and Zurich, 0700; El Al 425, to Zurich and Paris, 0800; B.E.A. 127, to Athens, Rome, Milan, Naples, 0855; El Al 208, from Vienna and Salzburg, 1015; T.W.A. 801, to Athens, Rome, Paris and N.Y., 1145; 1030; T.W.A. 741, to Athens, K.M. and N.Y., 1145; American 1240; El Al 307, to Air France 139, to Rome and Paris, 1540.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Vitan, Mea Shearim, G123.

TEL AVIV: Breiman, 56 Allenby; 6262 Seferet, 5th floor, 6261; 6261 Novart, 123 Ben Yehuda, 3372; Yachin, 112 Allenby 4253.

JAFFA: Glinka, 19 Fourth Street, 33429; RAMAT GAN: Hadassah, Katsamot, corner Meir and Herzl, 7271; corner Meir and Herzl, 13 Ha'neviel Zion, 13 Ha'neviel.

REHOVOT: Ha-Tikva, 13 Ha'neviel Zion, 13 Ha'neviel.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 15 Ha'neviel, 15 Ha'neviel, 2541; Dr. Har-Weiss, 78 Dizengoff; Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet, 51274.

HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 3 Rehov Hanoverim, 2424.

ISRAEL, NATIONAL**OPERA**

Opera House, 1 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.

LA TRAVIATA

Tues., Aug. 4.

FLEDERMAUS

Sat. Aug. 1.

BARBER OF SEVILLE

Wed., Aug. 5.

MADAME BUTTERFLY

Sat., Aug. 8.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR

5.45 p.m. Drawing, 6.30 News, 7.15 Hebrew-Yiddish, 8.30 News in Easy Hebrew, 6.45 Polish, 7.00 French, 7.30 Yiddish, 8.00 Talmud, 8.30 Talk by Dr. Statman, "Mutual Relationship between Geography & History," 8.30 Israel Composers, 8.45 Leningrad, 8.50 Moscow, 9.00 Noah's Ark, 9.30 Bible, Reading: Mishnah chap. 7, 9.15 Newsread, 9.30 The Court, 10.00 Talk by Dr. Herzl 10.30 A Glimpse at Israel, 10.35 Songs & Dances at your request, 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

6.00, 20.30 & 23.30 M.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR

5.45 p.m. Drawing, 6.30 News, 7.15 Hebrew-Yiddish, 8.30 News in Easy Hebrew, 6.45 Polish, 7.00 French, 7.30 Yiddish, 8.00 Talmud, 8.30 Talk by Dr. Statman, "Mutual Relationship between Geography & History," 8.30 Israel Composers, 8.45 Leningrad, 8.50 Moscow, 9.00 Noah's Ark, 9.30 Bible, Reading: Mishnah chap. 7, 9.15 Newsread, 9.30 The Court, 10.00 Talk by Dr. Herzl 10.30 A Glimpse at Israel, 10.35 Songs & Dances at your request, 11.10 Close Down.

WELCOME to RACHEL'S RESTAURANT

at 14 Allenby Road, Tel Aviv

Reopened following renovation

Air-conditioned

Oriental European Cuisine

KASHER

English

Mrs. Meir Seen Taking Major Part in Framing Mapai Policy

Jerusalem Post Political Reporters

TEL AVIV. — The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, is expected in Mapai circles here to take a major part in shaping party policy after her return to this country in the next few days.

It is understood that Mrs. Meir will join the group of party leaders including Finance Minister Levi Eshkol who have assumed the direction of party affairs since the post of Secretary-General was vacated by Dr. Giora Josephthal for reasons of health.

As has been reported, Mr. Josephthal will not return to this post, but will most probably take up a foreign service assignment at the request of the Foreign Ministry.

The two party leaderships are already weighing up the various changes in the list of Knesset candidates. It is understood that Mrs. Nitza Niv, a young member of the Shostak and Bernstein-Rosenbach faction, came with the confirmation of Mr. Haim Levanon as the General Zionist choice for Mayor of Tel Aviv-Jaffa.

"The Young Turks" of the party have always supported the Saphir-Serlin faction and as result, one of their leaders, Mr. A. Katz of Jerusalem, will receive a high place on the Knesset list. Another will be that of Mr. Zalman Susayef and Mr. Shimon Bejarano.

Strong pressure is being exerted by the professionals and the English-speaking sections of Mapai to stand again for election: Mr. Zalman Susayef and Mr. Shimon Bejarano.

The most important additional names to be added to the list are Alon Meir Dayan and Mr. Shimon Peres, leaders of the younger group in the party. Mr. Abba Eban, who is also a strong favourite, has of late acquired the "Gash" factor in Mapai especially following his criticism of Alon Meir's recent articles.

Mr. Eliyahu Elkin, now Minister of Transport, will stand down on the Histadrut Executive. The party will then have to decide again for election: Mr. Zalman Susayef and Mr. Shimon Bejarano.

Most fashions are imported raw and dressed here, except mink for which there are no facilities. Mink is brought in dressed.

Mr. Kuhnreich told *The Post* that more furs than ever before will be exported this year. The fur industry is probably the only one in the country that is based almost exclusively on exports, as there is practically no domestic market.

Mapai Mayors

The main personal struggle between Mapai leaders in the Haifa area is now between Mr. Alon Meir Dayan and Mr. Shimon Peres, leaders of the younger group in the party. Mr. Abba Eban, who is also a strong favourite, has of late acquired the "Gash" factor in Mapai especially following his criticism of Alon Meir's recent articles.

Mr. Eliyahu Elkin, now Minister of Transport, will stand down on the Histadrut Executive.

The party will then have to decide again for election: Mr. Zalman Susayef and Mr. Shimon Bejarano.

Most fashions are imported raw and dressed here, except mink for which there are no facilities. Mink is brought in dressed.

Mr. Kuhnreich told *The Post* that more furs than ever before will be exported this year. The fur industry is probably the only one in the country that is based almost exclusively on exports, as there is practically no domestic market.

Left-Wing Parties

Few changes are expected in the lists of the two Left-Wing parties: The precondition for candidature in Abdu Ha'avoda and Mapam is still membership in their respective kibbutzim, although the remnants of Poale Zion still get token representation.

It is already clear that Mr. Moshe Karmel, the present Minister of Transport, will stand down and be replaced by the new Minister, Mr. Leonidoff.

The Progressive party is strong, as is the party of the Histadrut. The latter is represented by Mr. Daniel Auster as their candidate for mayor in the capital.

Back from Canada

The added value on export furs is about 50 per cent, and slightly higher on broadtails which entail a large proportion of hand work.

The Haifa furrier, who has a large share of the country's fur exports, has just returned from the international fur auction of the Hudson Bay Company in London. He purchased thousands of dollars worth of raw skins for processing and export. About 300 buyers from all over the world attended the three-day auction, at which millions of dollars worth of furs were sold.

About 95 per cent of the buyers were Jewish. Outside the auction room, Yiddish

was the main language.

Mr. Kuhnreich adds that the Hudson Bay Co. was apparently no Jewish employees.

Mr. Kuhnreich exports mainly to Europe with some sales in the U.S. Many of the furs are sent as "shells" — lengths of furs ready for cutting into coats and stoles.

Customs duty is then much lower than on ready-made goods.

About 20 per cent of the foreign currency sales are in the form of "invisible exports" sold here for foreign currency mainly to tourists and members of foreign missions.

Fur trading is based on visiting luxury liners this year had boosted

sales.

Most fashions are imported raw and dressed here, except mink for which there are no facilities. Mink is brought in dressed.

Mr. Kuhnreich told *The Post* that more furs than ever before will be exported this year. The fur industry is probably the only one in the country that is based almost exclusively on exports, as there is practically no domestic market.

Mapai Mayors

The main personal struggle between Mapai leaders in the Haifa area is now between Mr. Alon Meir Dayan and Mr. Shimon Peres, leaders of the younger group in the party. Mr. Abba Eban, who is also a strong favourite, has of late acquired the "Gash" factor in Mapai especially following his criticism of Alon Meir's recent articles.

Mr. Eliyahu Elkin, now Minister of Transport, will stand down on the Histadrut Executive.

The party will then have to decide again for election: Mr. Zalman Susayef and Mr. Shimon Bejarano.

Most fashions are imported raw and dressed here, except mink for which there are no facilities. Mink is brought in dressed.

Mr. Kuhnreich told *The Post* that more furs than ever before will be exported this year. The fur industry is probably the only one in the country that is based almost exclusively on exports, as there is practically no domestic market.

Left-Wing Parties

Few changes are expected in the lists of the two Left-Wing parties: The precondition for candidature in Abdu Ha'avoda and Mapam is still membership in their respective kibbutzim, although the remnants of Poale Zion still get token representation.

It is already clear that Mr. Moshe Karmel, the present Minister of Transport, will stand down and be replaced by the new Minister, Mr. Leonidoff.

The Progressive party is strong, as is the party of the Histadrut. The latter is represented by Mr. Daniel Auster as their candidate for mayor in the capital.

Back from Canada

The added value on export furs is about 50 per cent, and slightly higher on broadtails which entail a large proportion of hand work.

The Haifa furrier, who has a large share of the country's fur exports, has just returned from the international fur auction of the Hudson Bay Company in London. He purchased thousands of dollars worth of raw skins for processing and export. About 300 buyers from all over the world attended the three-day auction, at which millions of dollars worth of furs were sold.

About 95 per cent of the buyers were Jewish. Outside the auction room, Yiddish

was the main language.

Mr. Kuhnreich adds that the Hudson Bay Co. was apparently no Jewish employees.

Mr. Kuhnreich exports mainly to Europe with some sales in the U.S. Many of the furs are sent as "shells" — lengths of furs ready for cutting into coats and stoles.

Customs duty is then much lower than on ready-made goods.

About 20 per cent of the foreign currency sales are in the form of "invisible exports" sold here for foreign currency mainly to tourists and members of foreign missions.

Fur trading is based on visiting luxury liners this year had boosted

sales.

Most fashions are imported raw and dressed here, except mink for which there are no facilities. Mink is brought in dressed.

Mr. Kuhnreich told *The Post* that more furs than ever before will be exported this year. The fur industry is probably the only one in the country that is based almost exclusively on exports, as there is practically no domestic market.

Mapai Mayors

The main personal struggle between Mapai leaders in the Haifa area is now between Mr. Alon Meir Dayan and Mr. Shimon Peres, leaders of the younger group in the party. Mr. Abba Eban, who is also a strong favourite, has of late acquired the "Gash" factor in Mapai especially following his criticism of Alon Meir's recent articles.

Mr. Eliyahu Elkin, now Minister of Transport, will stand down on the Histadrut Executive.

The party will then have to decide again for election: Mr. Zalman Susayef and Mr. Shimon Bejarano.

Most fashions are imported raw and dressed here, except mink for which there are no facilities. Mink is brought in dressed.

Mr. Kuhnreich told *The Post* that more furs than ever before will be exported this year. The fur industry is probably the only one in the country that is based almost exclusively on exports, as there is practically no domestic market.

Left-Wing Parties

<p

Today's Postbag**The Weather**

Mr. Canaan 8 8 8 8
Tel Aviv 8 8 8 8
Haifa Port 8 8 8 8
Nahariya 7 7 7 7
Tel Aviv-Kiryat 8 8 8 8
Tel Aviv Port 8 8 8 8
Lydd Airport 8 8 8 8
Jerusalem 8 8 8 8
Beersheba 8 8 8 8
Eilat 8 8 8 8
Beer Sheva 8 8 8 8

(*) Humidity at 8 a.m. (**) Maximum temp. yesterday. (**) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Dr. Israhel Meir Levin, M.K., (Ahdut Ha'avoda), after a tour of the party's branches in Europe, by El Al.

Dr. R. Rosenberg, M.K. (National Religious), from Britain, where he spent two weeks on party business, by El Al.

Mr. Cecil Roth, accompanied by his wife, from Rome, after spending some time in Sardinia where he was engaged in historical research, by El Al.

Mr. Shlomo Shabtai, Assistant Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, from a three-week trip to Europe on behalf of the Government, on behalf of the Prime Minister, by El Al.

Mr. Lewis Factor, son of Mr. Max Factor, the noted cosmetics manufacturer, accompanied by his wife, as guest of Ampal and the United Jewish Appeal, by El Al.

DEPARTURES

Mrs. Atara Moreh, who has been chosen Miss Israel, for Istanbul, to participate in an international beauty contest, there, by El Al.

Rabbi Dr. S. Federbusch, of the U.S. The 70th meeting in Stockholm, after a visit to Israel in connection with the Brit Yerusha Olamit.

Mr. Shlomo Shabtai, editor of the Polish-language daily "Nowiny-Kurier" and his wife, for the W.C.C. conference in Stockholm, (by Swissair).

THE ISRAEL OPTICANS
Association announces that opticians in Tel Aviv, Jerusalem and Ramat Gan will work from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. during August.

Widow Fined IL3,000 For False Testimony

TEL AVIV. — A widow of 60, Mrs. Bertha Levin, was on Wednesday fined IL3,000 in the District Court here after Judge J. Gavison had found her guilty of perjury. The judge added that it was not for the woman's age, he would have pronounced a heavy jail sentence.

The plaintiff in the case was Mrs. Malika Sapirstein, who since 1946 had been a good friend of Mrs. Levin and her late husband, Shmuel. The latter had worked for the Tel Aviv Municipality and in 1946 had bought a plot of land from the Municipality for LP170.

The following year he sold it to Mrs. Sapirstein for LP250, and so friends were the two families that she did not bother to take a receipt for any other document from him. In 1948 Levin returned the plot to the Municipality and received back his LP170. He died in 1950 but Mrs. Levin never told Mrs. Sapirstein that the plot no longer belonged to her, and in fact told her on several occasions that the (Mrs. Sapirstein) was still the owner.

Mrs. Sapirstein ran into financial difficulties in 1957 and when she tried to sell the plot she discovered that it did not belong to her. In the investigation brought by Mrs. Sapirstein for the return of her money, Mrs. Levin claimed her late husband had returned the sum. She repeated this testimony in court. (Itim)

Status of Temporary Civil Servants

Negotiations regarding the status of "temporary" civil servants are about to be completed between the Civil Service Commission and the Civil Servants Union. The Prime Minister told the Knesset yesterday.

He was replying to a motion for the agenda by Mr. Moshe Erem (Ahdut Ha'avoda), who complained that some "temporary" civil servants have been employed by the Government since the establishment of the State and that they are sometimes dismissed and then re-hired after a few days in order to deprive them of permanent status.

The motion was referred to the Labour Committee.

Call for Setting Up Of Press Council

RAMAT GAN. — A resolution calling for the establishment of a press council was one of the main motions passed by the National Conference of Provincial Correspondents which was held here on Wednesday. Other resolutions called for support of the Journalists' Association in its fight for press freedom, especially with regard to access to news sources.

Mr. Dan Pines, Chairman of the Journalists' Association, addressing the conference, said that nobody formally represents the profession and the proposed press council would fill this need, as well as help to raise journalistic standards.

Mr. Moshe Ron, General Secretary of the Association, also addressed the conference.

(See Page 2, Col. 2)

B-G TELLS KNESSET:**Security Position Does Not Warrant End of Military Gov't**

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter
No change in Israel's security position has taken place which would warrant the abolition of Military Government in areas inhabited by Israeli Arabs, Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion told the Knesset yesterday.

Pointing to the recent threats against Israel uttered by King Saud of Saudi Arabia, President Nasser of Egypt, and Prime Minister of Iraq, Mr. Ben-Gurion said: "Doesn't all this mean anything to you at all?"

The Prime Minister was replying to four motions calling for the abolition of the Military Government, or for far-reaching relaxations.

The Knesset accepted Mr. Ben-Gurion's request that the vote on the motion be postponed until next week, in view of the fact that the Cabinet on Sunday is due to discuss the report of the Ministerial Committee on Military Government.

The Prime Minister promised to bring the Cabinet's conclusions before the Knesset next week.

Three of the four motions were bills calling for the abolition of the Military Government or of the Defence Regulations of 1945 which are the legal basis for Military Government. These were submitted by the Communists, Mapam, and jointly by the General Zionists and the National Religious Party. The fourth motion—by Ahud Ha'avoda—was an ordinary motion for the agenda.

Cruel Oppression'

Mr. Tewfik Touhi (Communist) called the Military Government "cruel national oppression." His bill would not only contribute to the achievement of equal rights for all Israeli citizens but would also remove one of the stumbling blocks to Israeli-Arab peace, he said.

Mr. Avraham Allon (Ahdut Ha'avoda) said the time had come to reconsider the need for Military Government. This could not continue until peace was achieved with the Arab states, since the present state of affairs might go on for years. Meanwhile, the Arab population in Israel is becoming increasingly resentful and more and more receptive to Communist propaganda. Woe unto Israel if its security depended on Military Government, Mr. Allon declared.

Mr. Hanan Rubin (Mapam), speaking for the bill presented by Mr. Yousef Khamis, said that Military Government was a form of administration which had no basis in law. It had assumed all sorts of powers without any legal basis—curfews, banishments, travel permits, etc.

The programme will be submitted for adoption by the Central Herut National Council, which will meet today (Thursday) in Ramat Gan. The party leader, Mr. Menahem Begin, is to deliver the key-note speech.

Herut will ask the electorate to support its demand that the government include the Kingdom of Jordan within the State of Israel as a pre-condition for the signing of a peace treaty with the Arabs. As "conditions for peaceful relations," Herut demands "abolition of the state of war and the ending of the Jews' suffering."

The programme will be submitted for adoption by the Central Herut National Council, which will meet today (Thursday) in Ramat Gan. The party leader, Mr. Menahem Begin, is to deliver the key-note speech.

Herut will ask the electorate to support its demand that the government include the Kingdom of Jordan within the State of Israel as a pre-condition for the signing of a peace treaty with the Arabs. As "conditions for peaceful relations," Herut demands "abolition of the state of war and the ending of the Jews' suffering."

The programme will be submitted for adoption by the Central Herut National Council, which will meet today (Thursday) in Ramat Gan. The party leader, Mr. Menahem Begin, is to deliver the key-note speech.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (Herut) in Migdal Ha'emek and other places were broadcast, the Knesset would not be able to believe that he had uttered such terrible, provocative words, Mr. Namir said.

If the speeches made by Mr. Menahem Begin (

THE JERUSALEM POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1923. Published daily except Saturday in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Co., Ltd., owned by the G.P.O. Copyright © 1958 all material reserved; reproduction permitted only by arrangement.

Founded
GERSON AGRON

Managing Editor
TED R. LURIE

Editorial Office and Management
Raviv House, 11, Tel Aviv,
P.O. Box 1126, Tel Aviv 4500/1
HAIFA: Bureau: 34 Shalom Street,
P.O. Box 610, Tel Aviv 4500 (2 lines).
Annual Subscription: IL 25.

Thursday, July 30, 1958
24 Tammuz 5718 24 Mcharram, 1978

SUCH news as filters out about Jewish life in Soviet Russia these days is sad news. Anti-semitism is reported to be mounting again. There are many reasons for this phenomenon. There always are. One of them, no doubt, is social and economic jealousy. The Jews of Russia, by and large, still form a professional intelligentsia. They have been eliminated from the upper ruling strata. But they still occupy a prominent place as middle-class administrators and technicians. Earning as they do higher than average wages, and acting as executives of unpopular policies dictated from above without consultation of the people's wishes, they incur the envy and the dislike of ordinary Russians.

The renewed Soviet campaign to eradicate the last vestiges of Jewish religious and cultural life is perhaps intended as a dam against resurgent anti-Semitism. If so, the Kremlin is defeating its own purpose. For anti-Jewish measures have never yet appeared anti-Semitic feeling. They tend, on the contrary, to exacerbate it. One thing is certain. The closing-down of the synagogues is by no means part of a drive against religion in general. The authorities have of late been showing particular consideration to the Orthodox Church, and have allocated large funds for the restoration of mosques. Why the Jews being discriminated against? Clearly the object is to get rid of "Jewishness" here and now, once and for all. A stern warning has been issued to those stiff-necked people who still persist in declaiming "Hear, O Israel!" in their daily prayers.

To the American press goes the chief credit for bringing to light the melancholy tidings from Russia. Ever since the visit of the Soviet Vice-Premier to the U.S., Moscow has put out a flurry of denials to the reports of anti-Jewish repression in the land of Socialism. Unfortunately, these denials do not bear serious scrutiny. The technique employed in "Investigation," for instance, is to refute indignantly accusations that have never been made in the American press or elsewhere. On the other hand, the Russians make no attempt to challenge the authenticity of the disclosure, published in the N.Y. "Herald-Tribune," about the shutting-down of the ancient synagogue in Czernowitz and the removal of its holy scrolls to some ramshackle huts. Nor have the Russians contested the news that the baking of matzot has been prohibited in Kiev, Khar'kov and Rostov.

Most perturbing of all is the revelation that the Soviet Government has demanded Jews to assemble for prayer in private dwellings. Henceforth, if a pious Jew, or one simply who still feels impelled to respect millennial Jewish traditions or customs, wishes to say the mourner's prayer for a deceased parent, he must risk the death or become a law-breaker, a marron. This intrusion on a man's private life is not merely authoritarian in the modern concept, but inquisitorial in the worst medieval sense. Here is further evidence — unhappily there is already more — that the ultimate rulers are bent on the total eradication of the Jewish conscience among their people.

To protest against the violation of human rights in Soviet Russia — or anywhere else in the world — for that matter, is not just any reflection on its political aspects. Every country has the right to its own regime it likes best or considers most suited to its own particular needs. It may be that large sections of American public opinion will be inclined to draw from the objection of the Russian anti-semites in Russia the conclusion that intolerance is inseparable from Communism.

As far as the Jews are concerned, their dominant and legitimate concern will be for the welfare of their suffering kinsmen. In sorrow, but not without hope that the evil which has been done may yet be undone, we say to the Union of Socialist States of Russia: Accord the Jews the elementary human right to be themselves, that is to be Jews; or, if you have no place for Jewishness in your midst, then let them go. Our doors stand open to receive them.

Grivas Covets Greek Premiership

May Make Parliamentary Bid for Power

By LESLIE FINER

ATHENS (OFTNS). —

The evolution of General Grivas from a national hero to a political dark-horse, feared by some, exploited by others, but revered by very few, has been unexpectedly rapid. When first returned from the Cyprus mountain hide-outs four months ago, it seemed that he might settle down to resume the quiet, regular family life which he is said to enjoy so much, and which he had forfeited for so long. But the processes of political life were too strong. Almost from the day of his arrival in Athens, his unpretentious flat in a dreary road near the Acropolis overflowed with visitors: at first, with sincere well-wishers and admirers paying homage, but later with a variety of political opportunists who saw in Grivas their best chance of becoming political figures at last.

The influence of this steady pressure on Grivas became more apparent with each of the General's public statements. At first he made no statement at all; then he began to say that he was a retired soldier without political ambitions; later, he said he would serve his country should he receive the call; and, more recently still, he has begun a campaign of vague but violent intransigence against the present régime, cleverly designed to appeal to every shade of dissatisfaction.

The sudden flare-up between Grivas and Archbishop Makarios has probably revealed the General's hand behind it. It may be quite ready. It may be that this will now mark the beginning of further re-trenchment and disposition of forces. One possibility is that the General's next move will be timed to coincide with the publication of his memoirs. It is believed that these, contrived to Grivas's original intentions, will contain extensive reference to the conduct of the political as well as the military war in Cyprus, and that the Karamanlis Government will be heavily criticized for its excessive moderation.

Predominantly Right-Wing

It is expected that the memoires will be ready for publication by mid-August, and that this will be the signal for the serious beginning of Grivas' political campaign. This theory fits in with the determination of Grivas and his supporters to keep alive the dispute over the terms of the Cyprus settlement.

The political colour and programme of Grivas' bid for power, when it comes, is not easy to forecast. It is already obvious that he is determined to commit no party, or even to define his direction, left or right, or centre. All the General's past activities suggest that right-wing elements will be his natural allies. That is why the right-wing Karamanlis Government has most to fear from a Grivas movement, which would be a direct competitor. Association with the far Left may be ruled out. But it is interesting to observe that, mixed among the



GRIVAS

in the wider public eye, ultra-right wing connections.

The General's supporters declare that he will seek power by Parliamentary power. But that does not answer the question of how he will use power if he gets it. Nor does it enable the Greek public to judge what Grivas will do next if Parliamentary methods fail.

a party leader: in 1949, his "X" party polled 1,848 votes out of more than a million; in 1950 his percentage went up from 0.17 per cent to 0.84 per cent; and in 1951 (his last appearance as a candidate) he personally received 809 votes, 0.43 per cent of all the votes cast in the Athens constituency for which he stood.

It should also be calculated that conditions in Greece today, after several years of stable Parliamentary government, are much less favourable than they were soon after the war for the political success of figureheads.

There is only one factor which, in theory at least, favours Grivas: the failure so far of the splintered democratic opposition to Karamanlis to cohere as an organized party capable of becoming an alternative Government when Karamanlis, as he still is, loses his majority one day. It is no doubt the intention of Grivas to take control of these scattered opposition forces. But it is just as likely that the attempt will rally some opposition forces — such as those of the Liberal George Papandreou — to the side of Karamanlis, leaving the rest of the nation to him.

During the last two years it has been found that the new wing is built, the new building will have no more beds than the present hospital, and the centre of the city.

Davies (Greece) avers

that the Israeli public supports the stand of the delegation in the air talks with Great Britain and feels that it is unfair for the British to insist on concessions that will harm our vital air transport industry, such as six flights per week and a broadening of the right to take passengers to and from Israel at intervening stops.

It is hoped that an agreement will be reached on the basis of mutual friendly relations.

And the chances are that they will fall. There is nothing in the General's political past to suggest that he possesses political talents capable of knitting the present motley assortment of supporters into a cohesive political party.

In the past there have been attempts to make capital out of his legendary leadership of a military movement (the wartime "X" right-wing resistance group). Grivas offered himself to the electorate as a whole, a very valuable service.

Jewish Unionist Murdered; Workers Robbed of Savings

By S. J. GOLDSMITH

LONDON

THREE members of Soli Lever here last week has aroused anxiety as well as grief among London's Jewish community. There is suspicion that robbery may not have been the only motive for the crime.

Solomon Lever, to give him his proper name, was a very popular figure in London's East End. He came over from Poland as a child, attended a *Talmud Torah* and became one of the Yiddish-speaking leaders of a class who also achieved prominence among non-Jews. He was a small mayor of Hackney in 1951, at the same time continuing to run a workers' saving club and to preside over the Jewish Bakers Union. He was the kind of Jew who took his Jewishness as a matter of course, and the non-Jews respected him for it.

Lever hit the headlines with a speech at the Trade Unions Congress in 1948. The issue was German rearmament. In a plea to his audience not to forget what the Germans had done, he deliberately used the word "anti-semitic" or even to define his direction, left or right, or centre. All the General's past activities suggest that right-wing elements will be his natural allies. That is why the right-wing Karamanlis Government has most to fear from a Grivas movement, which would be a direct competitor. Association with the far Left may be ruled out. But it is interesting to observe that, mixed among the

aspects of equality for all shall we be able to span the gapping abyss.

Bogus Police

Lever dressed at once and went to meet the "police car" on the corner of his quiet street in Hackney. His wife Annie warned him to ask for the credentials of the police officers, but he dismissed her warning as "nerves." Who would do harm to Soli Lever in Hackney?

His body was found in Epping Forest a few hours later. It appears he was bound and gagged by the gang and died in their car. They dumped him in the woods, opened the club door and safe with the keys they had snatched from his pocket, and took out £4,000 saved up by Jewish workers for their holiday expenses.

NATURE NOTES

Carp Has Pregnant Cousin

ABOUT the same time as his death are not known. His telephone rang late on the night of Sunday, July 19, and a voice introduced itself as a police officer, telling

him there was a fire near his office and advising him that if he wanted to save the club members' holiday money he must come and fetch it at once.

Political Hand-offs

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir: Many reminiscences come to my mind now that Rabbi Herzog is in his eternal rest. May I be allowed to put on record two instances showing his vivid sense of humour:

In the early twenties he attended an Irish national festival. Gaelic was then proclaimed the official language of Ireland, where, however, hardly a soul could read, let alone speak, a word of it. Rabbi Herzog, as the Chief Rabbi of Ireland, was called upon to speak. And this is as well as the fact that new arrivals to this country have found a solution to their housing problem while the denizens of our Wadi Salib still languish in their slums, should have dictated a more cautious course.

Omer (Hastadrut) takes to task "Al Hamishmar" (Mapai) for publishing what it calls a tendentious interview with a North African immigrant which places all the blame on the authorities and not, as Omer had, partly on the

Yours etc.

I. OLSVANGER

Jerusalem, July 27.

Political Hands Off!

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir: — Reporting on the incidents in Haifa in your issue of July 23 — your correspondent quoted an appeal issued by Mapai to all parties "to keep their political hands off" the issue, and noted that "the Progressives have followed suit."

To the best of my knowledge, no such formal appeal was made by Mapai. However, on Tuesday, after the special Cabinet session, a letter was sent to all the Knesset factions by Mr. Ishai Shatz, on behalf of the Progressives, suggesting that what had been put forward was mentioned in order to discuss how best to avoid the development of hatred before the elections and the exploitation of the situation for partisan interests.

Yours etc.

S. MILSTEIN

Secretary of the Progressive Party's Knesset Faction

Tel Aviv, July 28.

Haifa Subway

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir: — With reference to the report on the incidents in Haifa in your issue of July 23 — we should like to point out:

1. It is not true that the building costs are IL 50m. more than was anticipated.

The fact is that much work

was carried out after the contract had been signed and

which required heavy expenditure, such as: the addition

of two passenger cars, two

escalators, additional en-

gines, etc.

The transfer of IL 50m. from the budget allocation for air raid shelters was given as an estimate.

The figure of IL 40,000 as estimated daily income of the subway was given as IL 40,000 as

stated in your article.

Yours etc.

Y. YASOUR

Public Relations Director

Haifa Municipality

Haifa, July 28.

Controlling Tempers

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir: — Reading your recent items about the new Kupat Holim Clinic, I really started believing that we had finally managed to reach a proper standard in handling patients.

However, the other day, after standing in a very long queue at the Givatayim clinic,

I was impolitely informed that there were no numbers left.

Why can't people be told

before actually reaching the

end of the queue that there

is no point in waiting? It

is a pity that the clinic for

investigation.

Yours etc.

KUPAT HOLIM

Public Relations Department

Tel Aviv, July 12.

Wellaton

CREAM COLOUR TONER

WELLATON cleans, tones and grooms your hair.

WELLATON enjoys world renown and is absolutely reliable — as are all WELLA Products.

One tube at IL 2.50 is sufficient for two treatments (women) or three treatments (men).

with

wellaton

CREAM COLOUR TONER

WELLATON cleans, tones and grooms your hair.

WELLATON enjoys world renown and is absolutely reliable — as are all WELLA Products.

One tube at IL 2.50 is sufficient for two treatments (women) or three treatments (men).

with

wellaton

CREAM COLOUR TONER

WELLATON cleans, tones and grooms your hair.

WELLATON enjoys world renown and is absolutely reliable — as are all WELLA Products.

One tube at IL 2.50 is sufficient for two treatments (women) or three treatments (men).

with

wellaton

CREAM COLOUR TONER

WELLATON cleans, tones and grooms your hair.

WELLATON enjoys world renown and is absolutely reliable — as are all WELLA Products.